Revised (2/15/2002)



Features

• 6A Output Current

EXCALIBUR

- Input Voltage Range: 10.8 V to 13.2 V
- 90% Efficiency
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- Standby Function
- Short Circuit Protection
- Small Footprint (0.61 in²)
- Solderable Copper Case
- 8.8 106 Hours MTBF

Description

The PT6340 Excalibur™ power modules are a series of high performance Integrated Switching Regulators (ISRs), housed in a thermally efficient solderable copper case. These modules operate from a 12V input voltage bus to produce a high-output low-voltage power source; ideal for powering the industry's latest DSP and microprocessors. The series includes standard output bus voltages ranging from 5VDC to 1.2VDC.

The innovative copper case construction provides superior thermal performance in a small footprint. Both through-hole and surface mount pin configurations are available. The PT6340 series operating features include external output voltage adjustment, an On/Off inhibit, and short-circuit protection. A 100µF input, and 330µF output capacitor are required for proper operation.

Ordering Information

PT6341□ = 5.0 Volts **PT6342**□ = 3.3 Volts **PT6343**□ = 2.5 Volts **PT6344**□ = 1.8 Volts **PT6346**□ = 1.2 Volts **PT6346**□ = 1.2 Volts

PT Series Suffix (PT1234x)

Case/Pin Configuration	Order Suffix	Package Code *
Vertical	N	(EPH)
Horizontal	Α	(EPJ)
SMD	C	(EPK)
31111		(LI IV)

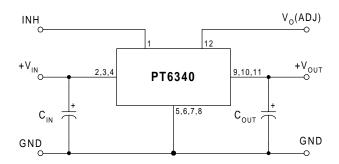
^{*} Previously known as package styles 1540/50. (Reference the applicable package code drawing for the dimensions and PC board layout)

Pin-Out Information

Pin	Function
1	Inhibit *
2	V _{in}
3	V _{in}
4	V _{in}
-5	GND
6	GND
7	GND
8	GND
9	V _{out}
10	V _{out}
11	V _{out}
12	V _{out} Adj *

^{*} For further information, see application notes.

Standard Application



 C_{in} = Required 100 μ F electrolytic C_{out} = Required 330 μ F electrolytic



6-A 12-V Input Adjustable **Integrated Switching Regulator**

Specifications (Unless otherwise stated, $T_a = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{in} = 12$ V, $C_{in} = 100 \mu$ F, $C_{out} = 330 \mu$ F, and $I_o = I_o max$)

·						
Characteristic	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Current	I_{o}	T _a =+60°C, 200LFM T _a =+25°C, natural convection	0.1 (1) 0.1 (1)		6	A
Input Voltage Range	Vin	Over Io Range	10.8	_	13.2	VDC
Set Point Voltage Tolerance	V _o tol		_	±1	±2	$%V_{o}$
Temperature Variation	Reg _{temp}	$-40^{\circ} \le \Gamma_a \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}, I_o = I_o \text{min}$	_	±0.5	_	$%V_{o}$
Line Regulation	Regline	Over V _{in} range	_	±5	±10	mV
Load Regulation	Reg _{load}	Over I _o range	_	±5	±15	mV
Total Output Voltage Variation	ΔV_{o} tot	Includes set-point, line, load, $-40^{\circ} \le \Gamma_a \le +85^{\circ}C$	_	±2	±3	$%V_{o}$
Efficiency	η	$\begin{array}{c} I_{o} = \! 4A & V_{o} = \! 5.0V \\ V_{o} = \! 3.3V \\ V_{o} = \! 2.5V \\ V_{o} = \! 1.8V \\ V_{o} = \! 1.5V \\ V_{o} = \! 1.2V \end{array}$		93 92 91 89 87 85		%
V _o Ripple (pk-pk)	V_r	20MHz bandwidth	_	20	_	mV_{pp}
Transient Response	t _{tr}	1A/µs load step, 50% to 100% I _o max	_	50	_	μs
-	$\Delta m V_{tr}$	V _o over/undershoot	_	±60	_	mV
Short Circuit Threshold	I _{sc} threshold		_	8.5	_	A
Switching Frequency	f_{s}	Over V _{in} and I _o range	300	350	400	kHz
Inhibit (Pin 1) High-Level Input Voltage Low-Level Input Voltage Low-Level Input Current	V _{IH} V _{IL} I _{IL}	Referenced to GND (pin 5)	V _{in} –0.5 –0.2		Open (2) +0.5	V mA
Standby Input Current	I _{in} standby	pins 1 & 5 connected		+0.5	_	mA
External Output Capacitance	C _{out}	See application schematic	330	+0.5	1,000	μF
External Input Capacitance	C _{in}	See application schematic	100	=		μF
Operating Temperature Range	T _a	Over V _{in} range	-40 (3)		+85 (4)	°C
Storage Temperature	T _s		-40	_	+125	°C
Reliability	MTBF	Per Bellcore TR-332 50% stress, T _a =40°C, ground benign	8.8	_	-	106 Hrs
Mechanical Shock	_	Per Mil-Std-883D, method 2002.3, 1ms, half-sine, mounted to a fixture	_	500	_	G's
Mechanical Vibration	_	Mil-Std-883D, Method 2007.2, 20-2000Hz, soldered in PCB	_	20 (5)	_	G's
Weight	_		_	23	_	grams
Flammability	_	Materials meet UL 94V-0				

Notes: (1) The ISR will operate at no load with reduced specifications.

Input/Output Capacitors: The PT6340 regulator series requires a 100 μ F electrolytic (or tantalum) capacitor at the input and 330 μ F at the output for proper operation in all applications. In addition, the input capacitance, C_{im} must be rated for a minimum of 740mArms of ripple current, and the ESR of the output capacitor, C_{out} , must less than $50m\Omega$ @100kHz. For transient or dynamic load applications additional output capacitance may be necessary. For more information consult the related application note on capacitor recommendations.

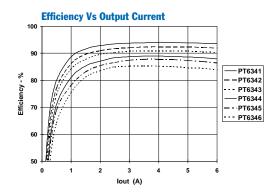
 ⁽¹⁾ The Inhibit control (pin 1) has an internal pull-up and if it is left open circuit the module will operate when input power is applied. The open-circuit voltage is the input voltage V_{in}. Use a discrete MOSFET to control the Inhibit pin, and ensure a transitioin time of less than ≤10µs. Consult the related application note for other interface considerations.
 (3) For operation below 0°C, Cin and Cout must have stable characteristics. Use either low ESR tantalum or Oscon® capacitors.

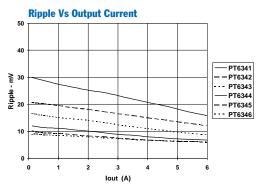
⁽⁴⁾ See Safe Operating Area curves or contact the factory for the appropriate derating.

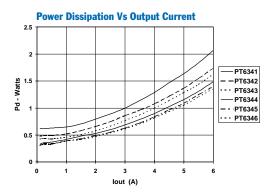
(5) The case pins on through-hole package types (suffixes N & A) must be soldered. For more information consult the applicable package outline drawing.

6-A 12-V Input Adjustable Integrated Switching Regulator

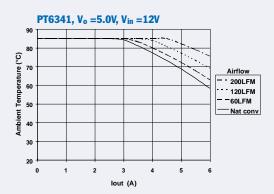
PT6340 Series Performance; $@V_{IN} = 12.0V$ (See Note A)

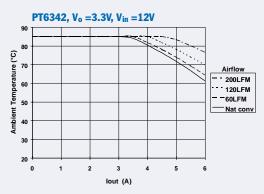


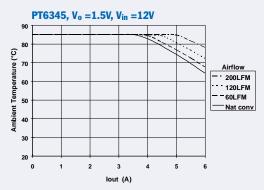




Safe Operating Area (See Note B)







Note A: Characteristic data has been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical data for the Converter.

Note B: SOA curves represent the conditions at which internal components are at or below the manufacturer's maximum operating temperatures

PT6340 Series

Using the Inhibit Function on the PT6340 12V Bus Excalibur™ Series Converters

The PT6340 series are high efficiency regulators that are designed to operate off a 12V input bus. These devices incorporate an inhibit function, which may be used in applications that require a power-up/shutdown feature.

The inhibit function is provided by the *Inhibit** control, pin 1. If pin 1 is left open-circuit the regulator operates normally, and provides a regulated output whenever a valid supply voltage is applied to V_{in} (pins 2–4) with respect to GND (pins 5–8). If a low voltage 2 is then applied to pin 1 the regulator output will be disabled and the input current drawn by the ISR will typically drop to 0.5 mA ⁴. The standby control may also be used to hold-off the regulator output during the period that input power is applied.

The *Inhibit** input can be controlled with an open-collector (or open-drain) discrete transistor (See Figure 1). The input is internally pulled-up to the input voltage, $V_{\rm in}$ ¹. Table 1 gives the control voltage requirements.

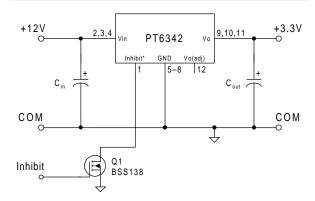
Table 1 Inhibit Control Requirements 3

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	
$ m V_{IL}$	-0.1V		0.6V	
$ m V_{IH}$	2.0V		V_{in}	
$I_{\rm IL}$		0.5mA		

Notes:

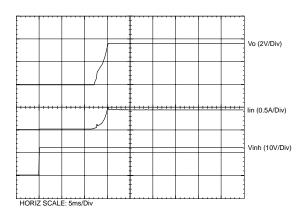
- 1. The inhibit control input requires no external pull-up resistor. The open-circuit voltage of the $Inhibit^*$ input is typically the input voltage, V_{in} .
- 2. The inhibit control input is <u>Not</u> compatible with TTL devices. An open-collector device, preferably a discrete bipolar transistor (or MOSFET) is recommended. To ensure the regulator output is disabled, the control pin must be pulled to less than 0.6Vdc with a low-level 0.5mA sink to ground.
- 3. An external source voltage can be used to control the *Inhibit** pin. To guarantee the inhibit and enable status of the regulator, the source must be capable of meeting the voltage requirements in Table 1.
- 4. When the regulator output is disabled the current drawn from the input source is typically reduced to 0.5mA.

Figure 1



Turn-On Time: In the circuit of Figure 1, turning Q_1 on applies a low voltage to the $Inhihit^*$ control (pin 1) and disables the regulator ouput. Correspondingly, turning Q_1 off removes the low-voltage signal and enables the output. Once enabled, the output will typically experience a 10–15ms delay followed by a predictable ramp-up of voltage. The regulator should provide a fully regulated output voltage within 30ms. The waveform of Figure 2 shows the output voltage response of a PT6342 (3.3V) following the turn-off of Q_1 . The turn off of Q_1 corresponds to the rise in V_{inh} . The waveforms were measured with a 12Vdc input voltage, and $2V_2$ Adc load.

Figure 2



PT6340 Series

Capacitor Recommendations for the PT6340 6A Excalibur™ Regulator Series

Input Capacitors:

Output Current ≤4A Continuous (Table 1)

The recommended input capacitance is determined by 740 milli-amperes (rms) minimum ripple current rating, less than $100 \text{m}\Omega$ ESR (equivalent series resistance), and $100 \text{\mu}\text{F}$ minimum capacitance. The ripple current rating, ESR, and operating temperature are the major considerations when selecting the input capacitor.

It is recommended that tantalum capacitors have a minimum voltage rating of twice (2×) the maximum dc voltage, plus the ac ripple. This is necessary to insure reliability with 12V input voltage bus applications. None of the $100\mu F$ tantalum capacitors were found to meet this requirement.

Input Capacitors: Output Current >4A Continuous (Table 2)

The recommended input capacitance is determined by 1.0 amperes (rms) minimum ripple current rating and $100\mu F$ minimum capacitance. The ripple current rating, combined with less than $100m\Omega$ ESR (equivalent series resistance) value are the major considerations, along with temperature, when selecting the input capacitor.

It is recommended that tantalum capacitors have a minimum voltage rating of twice (2×) the maximum dc voltage, plus the ac ripple. This is necessary to insure reliability for 12V input voltage bus applications. None of the $100\mu F$ tantalum capacitors were found to meet this requirement.

Output Capacitors: Output Current 0–6A (Table 1 & Table 2)

The ESR of the required capacitor must be less than, or equal to $50m\Omega$. Electrolytic capacitors have poor ripple performance at frequencies greater than 400kHz but excellent low frequency transient response. Above the ripple frequency, ceramic decoupling capacitors are necessary to improve the transient response and reduce any high frequency noise components apparent during higher current excursions. Preferred low ESR type capacitor's part numbers are identified in the capacitor tables.

Tantalum Capacitors

Tantalums are acceptable on the output bus but only the AVX TPS series, Sprague 593D/594/595 series or Kemet T495/T510 series. These capacitors are recommended over many other types due to their higher rated surge, power dissipation, and ripple current capability. As a caution, the TAJ series by AVX is not recommended. This series exhibits considerably higher ESR and lower ripple current capability. The TAJ series is also less reliable than the TPS series when determining power dissipation capability. Tantalum or Oscon capacitor types are recommended for applications where ambient temperatures fall below 0°C.

Capacitor Tables

Table 1 and Table 2 identify the vendors with acceptable ESR and maximum allowable ripple current (rms) ratings. The output capacitors are identified in both tables under the "Output Bus" column with the required quantity.

The input capacitors are listed in both tables. Table 1 has the recommended input capacitors when operating the ISR at a load current of 4Adc or less, and Table 2 identifies input capacitors for ISR load currents greater than 4Adc.

This is not an extensive capacitor list. Capacitors from other vendors are available with comparable specifications. Those listed are for guidance. The RMS ripple current rating and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance at 100kHz) are critical parameters necessary to insure both optimum regulator performance and long capacitor life.



Table 1: Input/Output Capacitors (Output Current ≤4 Amperes Continuous)

Capacitor Vendor/			Capacitor	Qua	ntity			
Series	Working Voltage	Value(μF)	(ESR) Equivalent Series Resistance	Max Ripple Current @85°C (Irms)	Physical Size (mm)	Input Bus	Output Bus	Vendor Number
Panasonic FC (Radial)	35V 35V 50V	220µF 180µF 680µF	$0.09\Omega \div 2$ $0.09\Omega \div 2$ 0.048Ω	755mA 755mA 1835mA	10 ×12.5 10 ×12.5 16 ×20	1 1 1	2 2 1	EEUFC1V221 EEUFC1V181 EEUFC1H681
FC (Surface Mount)	63V 35V 35V	220µF 330µF 470µF	0.09Ω ÷2 0.12Ω ÷3 0.043Ω	1410mA 1205mA 1690mA	16 ×16.5 12.5 ×16 16 ×16.5	1 1 1	2 3 1	EEVFC1J221N EEVFC1V331LQ EEVFC1V471N
United Chemi-Con, LXV/LXZ	50V 35V	120μF 220μF	0.12Ω +3 0.09Ω +2	755mA 760mA	10×16 10×12.5	1 1	3 2	LXV50VB121M10X16LL LXZ35VB221M10X12LL
FS	10V 20V	330μF 150μF	0.025Ω 0.03Ω +2	3500mA 3200mA	10 ×10.5 10 ×10.5	N/R 1	1 2	10FS330M 20FS150M
Nichicon, PL	35V 35V	560μF 330μF	0.048Ω 0.065Ω ÷2	1360mA 1020mA	16 ×15 12.5 ×15	1 1	1 2	UPL1V561MHH6 UPL1V331MHH6
PM	50V	470μF	0.046Ω	1470mA	18 ×15	1	1	UPM1H4711MHH6
Oscon, SS (Radial)	10V	330μF	0.025Ω	>3500mA	10.0 ×10.5	N/R	1	10SS330M
SV (Surface Mount)	10V 20V	330μF 150μF	0.025Ω 0.024Ω ÷2	>3800mA 3600mA	10.3 ×10.3 10.3 ×10.3	N/R 1	1 2	10SV300M 20SV150M
AVX Tantalum TPS	10V 10V 25V	330µF 330µF 68µF	0.1Ω +2 0.1Ω +2 0.095Ω	>2500mA >3000mA >2000mA	7.3L ×4.3W ×4.1H	N/R N/R 2	2 2 N/R	TPSV337M010R0100 TPSV337M010R0060 TPSV686M025R0095
Kemet, T510 T495	10V 10V	330μF 220μF	0.033Ω 0.07Ω +2	1400mA >2000mA	7.3L ×5.7W ×4.0H	N/R N/R	1 2	T510X337M010AS T495X227M010AS
Sprague, 594D	10V 25V	330μF 68μF	0.0450Ω 0.095Ω	2350mA 1600mA	7.3L × 6.0W ×4.1H	N/R 2	1 N/R	594D337X0010R2T 594D686X0025R2T

 $\ensuremath{\mathrm{N/R}}$ –Not recommended. The voltage rating does not meet the minimin operating limits.

Table 2: Input/Output Capacitors (Output Current >4 Amperes Continuous)

Capacitor Vendor/			Capacitor	Qua	ntity			
Series	Working Voltage	Value(μF)	(ESR) Equivalent Series Resistance	Max Ripple Current @85°C (Irms)	Physical Size (mm)	Input Bus	Output Bus	Vendor Number
Panasonic, FC (Radial)	35V	680µF	0.043Ω	1655mA	12.5 ×20	1	1	EEUFC1V681
	35V	560µF	0.038Ω	1655mA	12.5 ×20	1	1	EEUFC1V561S
	50V	680µF	0.048Ω	1835mA	16 ×20	1	1	EEUFC1H681
FC (Surface Mount)	63V	220µF	0.09÷2Ω	1410mA	16 ×16.5	1	2	EEVFC1J221N
	35V	330µF	0.12÷3Ω	1205mA	12.5 ×16	1	3	EEVFC1V331LQ
	35V	470µF	0.043Ω	1690mA	16 ×16.5	1	1	EEVFC1V471N
Un ited	35V	330μF	0.068Ω	1050mA	10 ×16	1	2	LXZ35VB331M110X16LL
Chemi-con	25V	820μF	0.046Ω	1340mA	12 ×20	1	1	LXV25VB820M12X20LL
LXV/LXZ/	10V	390μF	0.030Ω	3080mA	8 ×10.5	N/R	1	10FX390M
FX/FS	20V	150μF	0.024Ω	3200mA	8 ×10.5	1	2	20FX150M
Nichicon, PL	35V 35V	560μF 330μF	0.048Ω 0.06÷2Ω	1360mA 1020mA	16 ×15 12.5 ×15	1 1	1 2	UPL1V561MHH6 UPL1V331MHH6
PM	35V	560μF	0.0048Ω	1360mA	16×15	1	1	UPM1V561MHH6
Oscon, SS (Radial)	10V	330μF	0.025Ω	>3500mA	10.0 ×10.5	N/R	1	10SS330M
SV (Surface Mount)	10V 20V	330μF 150μF	0.025Ω 0.02÷2Ω	>3800mA 3600mA	10.3 ×10.3 10.3 ×10.3	N/R 1	1 2	10SV330M 20SV150M
AVX Tantalum, TPS	10V	330µF	0.1÷2Ω	>2500mA	7.3L	N/R	2	TPSV337M010R0100
	10V	330µF	0.1÷2Ω	>3000mA	×4.3W	N/R	2	TPSV337M010R0060
	25V	68µF	0.095Ω	>2000mA	×4.1H	2	N/R	TPSV686M025R0095
Kemet, T510	10V	330μF	0.033Ω	1400mA	7.3L x5.7W	N/R	1 2	T510X337M010AS
T495	10V	220μF	0.07Ω÷2	>2000mA	×4.0H	N/R		T495X227M010AS
Sprague, 594D	10V	330μF	0.045Ω	2350mA	7.3L ×6.0W	N/R	1	594D337X0010R2T
	25V	68μF	0.095Ω	1600mA	×4.1H	2	N/R	594D686X0025R2T

N/R –Not recommended. The voltage rating does not meet the minimin operating limits.



PT6340 Series

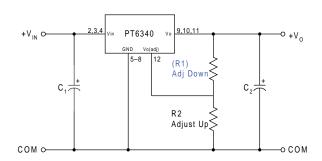
Adjusting the Output Voltage of the PT6340 Excalibur™ 6 A, 12 V Bus Step-Down ISRs

The output voltage of the PT6340 Series ISRs may be adjusted higher or lower than the factory trimmed preset voltage with the addition of a single external resistor. Table 1 accordingly gives the allowable adjustment range for each model for either series as V_a (min) and V_a (max).

Adjust Up: An increase in the output voltage is obtained by adding a resistor R_2 , between pin 12 (V_0 adj) and pins 5-8 (GND).

Adjust Down: Add a resistor (R_1), between pin 12 (V_0 adj) and pins 9-11 (V_0).

Figure 1



The values of (R_1) [adjust down], and R_2 [adjust up], can also be calculated using the following formulas. Refer to Figure 1 and Table 2 for both the placement and value of the required resistor; either (R_1) or R_2 as appropriate.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} (R_1) & & = & \displaystyle \frac{-R_o \left(V_a - V_r \right)}{-V_o - V_a} & -R_s & & k\Omega \end{array}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{V_r \cdot R_o}{V_s - V_s} - R_s \quad k\Omega$$

Where: V_o = Original output voltage

V_a = Adjusted output voltage

V_r = Reference voltage (Table 1)

R_o = Resistance constant (Table 1)

R_s = Internal series resistance (Table 1)

Notes:

- 1. Use only a single 1% resistor in either the (R₁) or R₂ location. Place the resistor as close to the ISR as possible.
- 2. Never connect capacitors from V_o adj to either GND or V_{out} . Any capacitance added to the V_o adjust pin will affect the stability of the ISR.

Table 1

ISR ADJUSTMEN	IT RANGE AND FO	RMULA PARAMETE	RS			
Series Pt #	PT6341	PT6342	PT6343	PT6244	PT6345	PT6346
V _O (nom)	5.0	3.3	2.5	1.8	1.5	1.2
Va (min)	4.0	2.8	2.2	1.7	1.45	1.1
V _a (max)	5.5	3.8	3.0	2.3	2.0	1.45
V _r (V)	1.27	1.27	1.27	1.27	1.27	0.8
R _o (kΩ)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
R_s (k Ω)	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9

Application Notes

PT6340 Series

Table 2

NT RESISTOR VALUE	ES					
PT6343	PT6344	PT6345	PT6346	Series Pt #	PT6341	PT6342
2.5	1.8	1.5	1.2V		5.0	3.3V
			(5.4)1.0			(F. F) 1. G
				-		(5.7)kΩ
			(45.1)kΩ			(10.2)kΩ
						(15.8)kΩ
				-		(22.9)kΩ
						(32.8)kΩ
			28.4kΩ	-		(46.3)kΩ
			15.1kΩ	3.1		(66.6)kΩ
		(11.1)kΩ	7.1kΩ	3.15		(100.0) k Ω
				3.2		(168.0) k Ω
		229.0kΩ		3.25		(371.0) k Ω
		102.0kΩ		3.3		
		59.8kΩ		3.35		229.0kΩ
	(18.1) k Ω	38.6kΩ		3.4		$102.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$
	(71.1) k Ω	25.9kΩ		3.45		59.8kΩ
		17.4kΩ		3.5		38.6kΩ
	$229.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	$11.4 \mathrm{k}\Omega$		3.6		$17.4\kappa\Omega$
	$102.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	$6.9 \mathrm{k}\Omega$		3.7		$6.9 \mathrm{k}\Omega$
	$59.8 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	$3.3 \mathrm{k}\Omega$		3.8		$0.5 \mathrm{k}\Omega$
	38.6kΩ	$0.5 \mathrm{k}\Omega$		4.0	(2.4) k Ω	
	$25.9k\Omega$			4.1	(6.5) k Ω	
	17.4kΩ			4.2	(11.7)kΩ	
(0.0) k Ω	11.4kΩ			4.3	(18.4)kΩ	
(6.1)kΩ	6.9kΩ			4.4	(27.3)kΩ	
(14.3)kΩ	3.3kΩ			4.5	(39.7)kΩ	
(26.6)kΩ	0.5kΩ			4.6	(58.3)kΩ	
(47.1)kΩ				4.7	(89.4)kΩ	
(88.1)kΩ				4.8	(152.0)kΩ	
(206.0)kΩ				4.9	(338.0)kΩ	
				5.0		
229.0kΩ				5.1	102kΩ	
102.0kΩ				5.2	38.6kΩ	
59.8kΩ				5.3	17.4kΩ	
38.6kΩ				5.4	6.9kΩ	
25.9kΩ				5.5	0.5kΩ	
17.4kΩ						
11.4kΩ				-		
0.5kΩ						
	(0.0)kΩ (6.1)kΩ (6.1)kΩ (14.3)kΩ (26.6)kΩ (47.1)kΩ (88.1)kΩ (206.0)kΩ 229.0kΩ 102.0kΩ 59.8kΩ 38.6kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ 11.4kΩ 6.9kΩ 3.4kΩ	2.5 1.8 (18.1)kΩ (71.1)kΩ 229.0kΩ 102.0kΩ 59.8kΩ 38.6kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ (6.1)kΩ 6.9kΩ (14.3)kΩ 3.3kΩ (26.6)kΩ 0.5kΩ (47.1)kΩ (88.1)kΩ (206.0)kΩ 229.0kΩ 102.0kΩ 59.8kΩ 38.6kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ 11.4kΩ 6.9kΩ 38.6kΩ	PT6343 PT6344 PT6345 2.5 1.8 1.5 229.0kΩ 102.0kΩ 59.8kΩ 59.8kΩ 38.6kΩ (71.1)kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ 102.0kΩ 59.8kΩ 3.3kΩ 38.6kΩ 0.5kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ (0.0)kΩ 11.4kΩ (6.1)kΩ 6.9kΩ (14.3)kΩ 3.3kΩ (26.6)kΩ 0.5kΩ (47.1)kΩ (88.1)kΩ (206.0)kΩ 229.0kΩ 102.0kΩ 59.8kΩ 38.6kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ 11.4kΩ 6.9kΩ 38.6kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ 11.4kΩ 6.9kΩ 38.6kΩ 25.9kΩ 37.4kΩ 11.4kΩ 6.9kΩ 3.4kΩ	PT6343 PT6344 PT6345 PT6346 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.2V (5.1)kΩ (5.1)kΩ (5.1)kΩ (45.1)kΩ 135.0kΩ 55.1kΩ 28.4kΩ (11.1)kΩ 7.1kΩ 229.0kΩ 102.0kΩ 59.8kΩ 38.6kΩ (71.1)kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ 102.0kΩ 59.8kΩ 3.3kΩ 38.6kΩ 0.5kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ (0.0)kΩ 11.4kΩ (6.1)kΩ 6.9kΩ (14.3)kΩ 3.3kΩ (26.6)kΩ 0.5kΩ (47.1)kΩ (88.1)kΩ (206.0)kΩ 17.4kΩ 11.4kΩ 6.9kΩ 3.4kΩ 11.4kΩ	PT6343 PT6344 PT6345 PT6346 Series Pt # V₀ (nom) 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.2V V₀ (nom) 2.8 (5.1)kΩ 2.8 2.8 45.1)kΩ 2.85 2.9 2.95 135.0kΩ 2.95 3.0 3.0 28.4kΩ 3.0 3.0 3.0 28.4kΩ 3.0 3.0 3.1 15.1kΩ 3.1 3.1 3.1 102.0kΩ 3.15 3.2 3.15 229.0kΩ 102.0kΩ 3.3 3.25 102.0kΩ 38.6kΩ 3.3 3.3 (18.1)kΩ 38.6kΩ 3.4 3.4 (71.1)kΩ 25.9kΩ 3.45 3.4 102.0kΩ 6.9kΩ 3.7 3.6 102.0kΩ 6.9kΩ 3.7 3.8 38.6kΩ 3.3kΩ 4.0 4.0 25.9kΩ 11.4kΩ 4.2 4.2 (0.0)kΩ 11.4kΩ 4.5 4.6 <	PT6343 PT6344 PT6345 PT6346 Series Pt # PT6341 V _s (nom) 5.0 V _s (red'd) 2.8 (45.1)kΩ 2.8 (45.1)kΩ 2.8 2.95 (45.1)kΩ 2.95 (45.1)kΩ 2.95 (45.1)kΩ 2.95 (45.1)kΩ (

R1 = (Blue) R2 = Black

12-Jan-2013

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type		Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Samples
	(1)		Drawing			(2)		(3)	(Requires Login)
PT6341A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPJ	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
PT6341N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPH	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
PT6342A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPJ	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
PT6342C	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPK	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM	
PT6342N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPH	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
PT6343A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPJ	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
PT6343C	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPK	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM	
PT6343N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPH	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
PT6344C	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPK	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM	
PT6344N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPH	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
PT6345C	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPK	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	Level-1-215C-UNLIM	
PT6345N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	EPH	12	21	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.



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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

12-Jan-2013

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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